U.S. and Russia Arranging Mr. Folsom's letter replied to An Exchange of Educators The Senator had asked for an explanation of charges A that

By BESS FURMAN Special to The New York Times

WASHINGTON, Dec. 18—The United States Government and the Soviet Union have reached tentative agreed author of a first drest of the re ment for an interchange of education specialists. Marion B

vision could visit the Soviet les Folgos also stated that Union to arrange the intercept of Siducation had change. The director is Oliver man happened by lack of first state of the Soviet had been supported by lack of the Soviet vision could visit the Soviet J. Caldwell.

Mr. Folsom, the Secretary of Arkansas Democrat and author of information. of the Educational Interchange

. It was learned elsewhere than an interchange of eight education leaders from each country tion. already has been arranged, and that Dr. Caldwell's mission in the Senator on a charge that Russia would be to plan the tours of the Americans.

Simultaneously, it was learned that the exchange of educators was only a small part of a sweeping cultural interchange

Nikolai A. Bulganin of the Mr. Folsom said Soviet Union appealed in a letter to President Eisenhewer for an extension of "scientific, cultural and sports contacts to the utmost.'

by Ambassador Georgi N. Z

parative Education staff of the

facts had been suppressed in he Government's recent r on, "Eudcation in the U. S. S. R." The charges, were made by Mrs. Eleanor S. Lowman,

Mr. Poisons denied that th

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hand, knowledge, of the Soviet Union, He said that the Russian Mr. Follows, the Secretary of Pepors, Tike other studies of Health, Education and Welfare, Bovist education, was of neces made his disclosure in a letter sity, based upon a variety of to Senator J. William Fulbright, princial and secondary sources

He said he believed that the proposed interchange program is the most constructive first step we can take to improve our knowledge of Soviet educa-

The Secretary took issue with Administration statements had tended to "deprecate" 5 education schievements. thus contributed to complacency

"This Administration made repeated effort strengthen this nation's program expected to be started pointed out the important education in forestalling attempts at world dominately.

New Public Interest News "Public responsivene such warnings has, of been greatly increased by nunching of the Soviet ca It is understood that the nego of the soviet earth that is understood that the nego of this awareness the American tiations for cultural interpetations and the Congress, will change started before the Hunnack, in the national interpet, to change started before the Hun-back, in the national interest, to garian revolution in October, compose those differences of 1958, lagged, but took on new spinion which have for many life in recent weeks. Such negotiates impeded our affords to tiations are conducted for this the was referring, apparently, Government by the East-West the Federal whool and bills desk of the State Department have falled to paid its and for the Soviet Government than recent sessions of Consultress. eck, in the national interes Rr. Folsom also told Schator

roubin.

One object of the interchant of education experts would a continuing comparison of the first point of Soviet system with the place of the report on Soviet acceptance of the report of Soviet acceptance of the report of

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Dr. Caldwell also said today that no top official of the Of-fice of Education had visited fice of Education had visited Soviet Russia. However, Lyudimila Dubrovina, the Soviet Deputy Minister of Education, visited the United States Office of Education in the spring of 1956. She came here from the William Williams to which she United Nations, to which she had been assigned.